Broadway squad, under the command of Sergeant Crop-Boy. It was by these men the Prince was literally re petved on landing. In physique, perhaps, there is n force, civil or military, superior to them, and, certainly, if the manner in which they con ducted themselves yester by be an indication of their moral worth, they can bear comparison with any police force in the world-not even excepting the famous potion of Landon

Shortly after the disappearance of Albert Edward, of sailors of the Harriet Lane were seen to leave the room in which the young Prince was donning his uniform, and not long after the Prince himself reappeared, in full uniform of Colonel of the 100th (Car regiment-scarlet coat, with blue facings, trimmed with old; black trowsers, with gold stripe down the onter seams; cocked hat, with white plumes of ostrich Star of the Hanoverian Guelphic Order. In this uniform of a soldier, he was, as a soldier, conducted by Mayor Wood, followed by his suite, to the Goor of the Garden facing on the Battery, and there presented by Mayor Wood to a brother soldier, Major General Sandford, commander of the First Division New York State Millia. Such of the Prince's suite as were entitled to wear uniforms did so, and made a splendid show.

On presenting the Prince to General Sandford, Mayor Wood offered a few brief remarks, to which the General made suitable remarks, and invited the Prince to review the First Division of the New York State Militia, to which the Prince assented.

## THE MILITARY DISPLAY.

Shortly after eleven o'clock the Seventy first regiment, American Guard, came upon the ground. They were under command of Captain Asa F. Miller, the senior cap tain, Colonel Vosburg having been quite seriously injured in the morning as he was about to mount. His horse becoming fractious, he attempted to quiet him, and in the the horse kicked him on the thigh. The regiment paraded about 350 mee, in seven companies, and were accompanied by Dodworth's band, of thirty-five pieces, and full dram corps. The band were their new scarlet dress, with the addition of a bise scarf. Although not in as full numbers as we have seen them, the American Guard fully sustained their reputation for beauty and

Next on the ground came the Second regiment, State Guard, Colonel George W. B. Tompkins. This is in reality a new command, for the old Second has been, by dis-charges, transfers, &c., completely stripped of its identity. Colonel Tompkins, who has recently assumed the com mand, certainly deserves much credit for the admirable appearance on this parade, both as to discipline and numbers. The regiment mustered upwards of 250 men, well uniformed and tolerably instructed. After this winter's course of instruction they will rank with our very first

The Eighth regiment, Washington Grays, Colonel George Lyons, were the next upon the Battery, and drew the est plaudits from the outside spectators. They were preceded by the Washington Gray Troop, Captain Varian, with about fifty horses. We did not intend to have mentioned single companies, but in passing down the i attention was called to Company D. Captain E. D. Law-rence, and we must note the fact. This is the company from which the incendiary card, signed as coming from the Eighth regiment, was alleged to have emanated, as the reputed author was a member. To show their feeling on the subject, we have only to state that they have promptly expelled the author of that card, and paraded upwards afty men on this occasion. The Eighth numbered about 276 men. They were accompanied by their regimental band and a drum corps of asyenteen The Eleventh regiment, Washington Rifles, Col. Bost

wick, were the rext applicants for admission, and their appearance, in the dark blue and green uniform, was spleadid. The dress from its colors gives the idea of solidity, and with their sword bayonets gleaming in the aunlight, the view was one to appai an enemy or renew the waring courage of a friend. The regiment paraded 500 men, including their band and drum corps This has become the second regiment, in point of num bers, in our whole militia, having recently inspected nearby 650 men. The Colonel is surrounded by an able field in drill as well as numbers.

The Fifth Brigade, Gen. Philip S. Crooke, were the next

to arrive. This brigade is composed of four regiments located in Brooklyn and Williamsburg.

On the right of the brigade was the Thirteenth regiment, National Grays, Colonel Abel Smith. This was one of the handsomest commands in the whole line. It is uniformed nearly the same as the Eighth regiment in this city, and is composed of the fincet class of young men in the city of Brooklyn. Col. Smith has the honor of being the Senior Colonel in the State, and we cannot see that he is at all rusty yet. The Thirteenth had six companies, with about 180 muske's. One company, Captain Sprague, were in fatigue uniform. owing, we hear, to the mability of the tailors to complet their full dress in time for this parade, being driven with work for the grand ball. The company is but new in the Thirteenth, but is under an officer who will soon

bring them up. Fourteenth regiment, National Blues, Col. Alfred M. Wood, was the second in line in the Fifth brigade. This regiment have been in their present uniform but about a year, and are deserving of much credit for the a imirable display they made. They had six companies, with one hundred and forty muskets, a drum corps of ton, and eight engineers. Stewart's band accompanied common Council. A portion of the Washington Grey them, and were noticed particularly for their splen them, and were noticed most of the Fourteenth is a spicalid one, blue, with light yellow trimmings.

The Twenty-eighth regiment, National Guard, of Broxi-

onel Michael Bennett, was the third in line of th Fifth brigade. This regiment was last year made a rifle regiment, and is uniformed and equipped the same as the Fleventh regiment, mentioned above. Their appearance yesterday was excellent, and formed a splendid addition to the whole column. They numbered 250 rities, in seven companies. Colonel Bennett is one of the hardest working officers in the State of New York, and as his district has a large German population, no doubt a year or two will find him in command of 500 men or more. He will have the good wishes and kind regards of all his brother offi-The Seventieth regiment, artillery and cavalry, Colone

Samuel Graham, brought up the left of the Fifth brigade They had about 350 present, in seven companies, five of cavalry and two of artillery. One company, F. was not on parade. This is one of the regi-ments on which much dependence could be made necessity require actual service, they are nearly all gunners, and could, of course, used as a regiment or detailed as chiefs of squade in manning any reasonable number of guns. Colonel Graham he a practical officer, and it may be truly said be has cable regiment.

This closed the Brooklyn delegation, and our city

troops again commenced to enter the Battery.

By the immense cheering and enthusiasm a blind man uld be able to know that the Seventh were approach lug the gates. "There they come," "See them," "Ain't that alse," were the expressions on all sides; and to a stranger it would seem that, although upwards of 2,000 men were already on the Battery, nobody had arrived, in the eyes of the assembled multiride. Of the dress and appearance of the National Guard it is a waste of words to say anything, for every one has the whole indelibly fixed in the mind. Colonel Lefferts was in command, and had upon the ground eight companies, of seventyfive men each, an artiflery corps of twenty eight, besides the band of furty pieces and eighteen ums. This, with the field and staff, made up ore than 720 men. The troop, under Captain McLaugh-Ilin, are yet to be added to this number, and you have the largest regiment in the United States, and when you take in view the personnel, in the world. Made up of the best class of our business men and clerks, who signtarily assume the soldier's duty, they are the crim-

Next came the Seventy-ninth regiment, High Next came the Seventy ninth regiment, High-land Guard, Colonel Thomas McLeay. With the exception of the field and staff, the Highlanders were in kills and Giengarys. They were a great altraction, and were heartily applauded as shey passed through the crowd and entered the gates. In numbers they were not large, having but a bout 180 mea present. They were preceded by five pipers, in addition to Robertson's band of thirty pieces.

The Ninth regiment, City Guard, Colonel M. Van Beuren, were next in order. This is the handsomest regiment, so far as outward show goes, we have ever need. Their uniform is dark bine, with hoarlet trimmings, and fairly daugics the eye. In the line

scarlet trimmings, and fairly dazzles the eye. In the line we noticed the City Blues, of Paterson, Captain Griffith. The Ninth paraded 210 men, in aix companies. This is the largest parade they have ever made, and it is to be toped that each successive parade may witness a like in-crease to the present. Octonel Van Beuren has one of the flacet visite in the Division.

The Fifth regiment, Jefferson Guard, Colonel Christian Schwarzwaeider, entered next in succession. This regi-ment having but just returned from a tour of six days garrison cuty at Fort Wood, on Bedloo's Island, it was not expected that they would parade very full, but they did remarkably well. They had nine coguesers, eighteen drums, band of thirty six pieces and eight companies of thirty-six men. Their appearance was solid and effect-ive, and equal to either of the other regiments of the

same numbers.

The Twelfth regiment, Independence Guard, Colonel
Daniel Butterfield, were the next we saw, and it was a bard matter to recognise them. But a short time since the regiment was disbanded, and here they stood with nearly four hundred men. They were chosen as the especial guard at Castle Garden, and well do they deserve the honor conferred by that selection, for no other corps has progressed in like manner during the past year. Col. Butterfield is untiring in his efforts, and if this pa rate be taken as a specimen, we think they have been repaid amply. The regiment at this time were only ac-companied by their drum corps, their band having pro-

ceeded to Amboy on the Harriet Lane. By this time we have reached the Sixth regiment Governor's Guard, Col. Joseph C. Pinckney. They were out in good numbers and looking in better shape than ever before. They numbered two hun-dred and fifty men all told. Their uniform, which is very plain, blue trimmed with red, is not so striking in appearance as some of the others, but it is one that Pinckney has reason to be proud of his command, and can, we think, show as good a front, if needed, as some who parade more for show. It is a regiment for work

The Third regiment, Hussars, Colonel S. Brooks Postley were next to appear. They mustered upwards of four bundred men and horses. This is the largest cavalry regiment in this State, and we believe in the Union, and though their dross is rather fanciful, they make a good

The First regiment, cavalry, Lioutenant Colonel Devit commanding, immediately followed, with eight companies, some 225 men and horses. Their uniform is the United States cavalry uniform, and is certainly the best we have seen. It is nest and plain, and perfect in its details. This regiment, being without a colonel, is proba-bly held back in numbers, or it would soon equal the

We have now to look casually at the Fourth regimen artillery, Colonel Edward Hincken, and we have finished the First Division New York State Militia. This regiment was laspected at the Arsenal in the morning, before pro-ceeding to the Battery, and had 260 men present, with

fourteen six pounders and caissons.

Attached to this regiment is the Veteran Corps of 1776, who were detailed to fire the salute at the Battery. They had 20 men and three twenty four pounder howitzers. By the way, we have neglected the National Grays, the nucleus of the Twenty-third regiment, Brovet Colonel Raynor, with 40 men and a band of 17. They appeared very wellbut it would be advisable for them to take a line position in the Eighth regiment, we should think.

THE ARRIVAL AND MILITARY RECEPTION. About two o'clock a gun from one of the forts an-nounced the approach of the Harriet Lane with the Prince on board, and in a few moments she came in sight. The different brigades were now formed, the First fronting Castle Gardon, and Second next in rear, and so to the Fifth, which was formed to the left and rear of the

The Twelfth regiment moved from their position in brigade line, and dividing by wings, took both sides of the gate entrance to the Garden, faced inward, and arms ordered. General Sandford and staff, and the other officers who were on the field as visiting guests, were drawn up facing the entrance.

la a few moments the Prince made his appearance, dressed in the uniform of a Colonel of the line. He was received with the fullest honors, ruffles, colors dropping, arms presented, and band playing. Almost immediately he rode to the right of the First brigade, preparatory to

In the review, in addition to his own suite, the Prince was accompanied by Major General Sandford, of the First Division: Generals Sherman and Spofford, of the Governor's staff; Major General Duryea, of the Second Division; General Hamilton, of the Sixth brigade, and the staffs of each, making a staff of nearly fifty officers.

The review was made by brigades numerically in suc-cession, and, as they were formed on different lines, it gave the reviewing officer the finest opportunity to see our troops, or rather our volunteers. The compliments were well paid, and every point closely attended to, making it one of the best standing reviews the division ever made. At the close of the review the Prince and suite took their positions in the carriages provided, and passed out of the Battery, followed by the troops in regular order, en route for the City Hall.

MARCHING SALUTE IN PRONT OF THE CITY HALL. The military column reached the cast gate of the Park precisely at five minutes past four o'clock P. M. First came a squadron of the Washington Grey troop, Capt. J. M. Varian, riding fit company front of sixteen files; then followed the carriage containing the Prince, his Honor Mayor Wood, the Duke of Newcastle, and Lord Lyone guard to the royal party, and rode on either side of the carriages. After the Prince and the Mayor alighted from their carriage in front of the City Hall, after a short de tention, the carriages were driven from the parade ground preparatory to the marching salute to his Royal Highness by the troops of the First Division. The royal party then ascended the carpeted platform, after which the troops marched past in the following order :-

Division Engineer, G. W. Aid, Henry Tomes, Division Surgeon, Lewis A. Sayer. Division Inspector, Rabert C. Wetmore. Abert C. Wetmore.

The General and his Staff were mounted on elegan chargers, and uniformed in suits of navy blue broad cloth, richly trimmed with gold buillion and lace; they were the new regulation or French military chapeau, de corated with heavy ornamental gold trimmings. The horse equipments were of the most complete description; the saddle cloths were of dark blue, richly trimmed

around the edges with deep gold lace.

General Sandford took his position near the royal party, and his staff, with the mounted escort, took position opposite the roviewers.

General Sherman, the Inspector General of the State of

New York, rode with the Major General's staff FIRST BRIGADE, NEW YORK STATE MILITIA.

Brigsdier Charles B Spicer, commanding the Brigade.

Brigsdier Charles B Spicer, commanding the Brigade.

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Brigsdier Charles Brigade.

Brigsdier Eng., Maj. J. S. Law
vence.

Brigsdier Charles Brigade.

Brigsdier Eng., Maj. J. S. Law
vence.

Brigsdier Charles Brigade.

Brigsdier Eng., Maj. D. W. Wain
wright.

Aid. J. Janeway Van Nest.

Houdiey.

SEVENTY-FIRST REGIMENT-AMERICAN GUARD. This regiment is uniformed in dark blue cloth coats with three rows of elegant gill buttons on the breast, faced with indigo blue cloth and gold braid; pantaloons of indigo bine cloth with wide black cloth stripes down the seams; caps of the French infantry pattern, blue cloth bodies tipped with stiff enamelled leather, with neat orna-mental frontispiece, and the numerical designation of the regiment in the centre, and white worsted pompons. The equipments-cross belts of white leather, patent leather cartridge boxes, made of stiff enamelled leather, with th letters A. G. thereon in English ornamental script. The regiment is armed with the new army or Minie muskets. This regiment had seven battalion companies on parade, and marched in review in company fronts of sixteen fice.

marched in review in company fronts of sixteen to Engineer Corps—ten men.

Drum Corps—sixteen men.

Drum Corps—sixteen men.

Drum Corps—sixteen men.

Orth's Band, forty pieces, elegantly uniformed French searlet conta and nest equipments.

Ooner Abram S. Vosburgh,

Company H. Onystai Ass F. Miller.

Company A. Captain J. R. Garland.

Company E. Captain Henry F. Metsler.

Company F. Captain Henry F. Metsler.

Company G. Captain Wes. J. Ooles.

Company D. Osptain D. C. Meschutt.

RECKENTAL STATE (NOUTRIE).

ijutant,

sater, LA. G. A.

ham.

Capt. J. T. Sand.

Capt. J. T. Sand.

Surgeon, Capt. Henry Siack.

Assistant Surgeon, Li. J. P.

Dodge.

and staff officers were on horselvet. Acting adjutant, Quartermaster, Lt. G. A. Buckingham. Engineer, Capt. J. T. Sand

ford.

Assistant Surgeon, Lt. J. P.
Dodge.

The field and staff officers were on horseback. Thei horse equipments and trappings are of a very showy and

SECOND REGIMENT. This regiment is uniformed in dark blue frock costs, with three rows of State regulation buttons tastefully displayed on the breast; white shoulder knots edged with ue. The caps were of the State regulation style, with black enamelled leather tops, frontispiece as per regula-tion; pompon of white worsied. Equipments—white cross belts and cartridge boxes of the United States regulation pattern, pantaleons of light army blue cloth, with

stripe down the side.

Col. G. W. B. Tompkins, commanding.

Drum Corps—eight drummers.

Hartmoper's Band—thirty musicians.

Six battalion companies—tweive dies front.

FIRST REGIMENT (CAVALRY). This regiment is uniformed in dark blue frock coats with yellow trimmings; caps of the State regulation style, blue cloth bodies, tipped with patent leather, frontispiese pants of army bine, with yellow cord; equipments of dark led leather; arms, the long regulation sabre and s brace of horse pistols for each trooper; saddle cloths of dark blue cloth, and trappings of black and yellow

The regiment march in company fronts of four Mes, twenty-eight men front.

Regimental mounted band.

Lieut. Col. F. C. Dovin, commander.

Troop A, Capt. Andrew Leary.

Troop B, Capt. John F. Barkies.

Troop C, Capt. W. F. Duing.

Troop C, Capt. W. F. Duing.

Troop C, Capt. W. F. Duing.

Troop C, Leut. W. Waltack.

Troop G, Capt. Henry Stucke.

Troop H, Capt. A. P. Greene.

Troop K, Capt. Charles P. Hawkins.

Troop K, Capt. George Hen ken, Jr.

BEGINERATAL STATE.

BEGINERATAL STATE.

MAXWEIL.

MAXWEIL.

Plain, Augustus Toet. Adjutant, Lieut. William F.

Washitt.

THIRD REGIMENT (HUSSARS). ets, beavily trimmed with gold and yellow worsted cord stripe down the sides; caps of the Prussian style, the bodies made of black fur and the tops of scarlet cloth, with a pretty little yellow tassel suspended therefrom. They were equipped with fancy black belts, from which were suspended neat cartridge boxes. They were armed with the long cavalry sabre, and each man had two im-

They rode in review in sections of fifteen and the fol

They rode in review in sections of fifteen and the following order — Mounted band.

Colonel S. Brooks Postley, commanding.
Licutenant Colonel Wm. Menck, Major W. W. Price.
Troop A. Captain J. H. Badke.
Troop B. Captain J. H. Badke.
Troop B. Captain is done Richner.
Troop E. Captain Food R. Schmule.
Troop F. Captain Fred. W. Schmule.
Troop F. Captain Fred. W. Schmule.
Troop J. Captain Poter Hoeft.
Troop J. Captain John Otto.
Troop R. Captain John Otto.
REGISENTAL STAT.
Adjutant, Licutenant Jas. Kahn, Surgeon, Captain C. J.
Van Cort.

Chaplain, John B Howard.
Amistant Surgeon, B Sumenthall.
Sogmeer, Captain W. B Palmer.
Quartermaster, Captain A Hirsch.
SECOND BRIGADE, NEW YORK STATE MILITIA. Brigadier General Charles Yates Commanding.

Inspector, Maj. S. M. Alford.
Judge Advocate Major C. A.
Arthur.
Paymaster, Capt. J. H. Herrick.
Ald, Capt. Thos. Allocok. FITTH REGIMENT JEFFERSON GUARD.

This regiment is uniformed in dark blue frock coat, with one row of State regulation buttons, scarlet facings and trimmings; trowsers of light mixed blue gray cloth, with a well of scarlet cloth on the outer seam; cap, as prescribed by general regulations—blue bodies, with black enamelied patent leather; long scarlet pompon, chinj strap of gilt scales; metal gilt frontispiece of arms of the State impaing those of the United States, with motto and crest of the State.

They marched in company fronts of sixteen files, and in the following order:-

in the following order:

Engineer corps, eight men.
Drum corps, eighteen drums.
Fitth regiment band, thirty pieces.
Ool. Christian Schwarz waelder, commanding
Liet. Col. E. M. Dooge. Major Lewis Berger.
(All mounted on richly caparisoned horses.)
Company B. Captain Heidman.
Company B. Captain Heidman.
Company B. Captain Mander.
Company B. Captain Mander.
Company B. Captain Michols.
Company F. Captain Hingitian.
Company B. Captain Hingitian.
Company B. Captain Hingitian.
Company H. Captain Barinch.
REGIMENTAL STAIT.
(All mounted.)
Asst. Adjt., Lieut Neader. Quartermastor, H. S. Steinway.
Twalltill REGIMENT—INDSTENDENCH GUARD.

TWELTTH REGIMENT-INDEFENDENCH GUARD. This regiment is uniformed in dark blue freck coats faced with light blue cloth and white cord; pants of infaces with light blue cloth and white cord; pants of in-digo blue cloth, with wide white stripe on the sides; blue bedied French infantry caps, with patent teather tops, frontispiece of a very tasteful design, with the numerical designation of the regiment in the centre; on the top of their caps the troops wear a nest whits wool pompon; their equipments are made of black enamelled leather, superbly ornamented with gilt insigns. This uniform has a very rich, showy appearance, and is very attractive. They marched in company fronts of sixteen flies each, and in the following order:—

Drum Coros—ten drums.

Drum Corps—ten drums.
rnor's Island Band—thirty pieces.
Daniel Bett-rfield, commanding

Colonel Daniel Butt-riield, commanding.

REGINATAL STAFF.

Adjutant, Lieut H. A. Boat Engineer, Captain F. H. Salwick.

Paymaster, Lieutenant C. B. Quartermaster, Lieut. A. H. Nicolay.

Chaplain, M. H. Smith. Surgeon, Capt. H. Sinck.

Company B. Capt. William Husson.

Company C. Capt. H. W. Ryder.

Company D. Capt. John T. Ottiwell.

Company F. Capt. William Sward.

Company F. Capt. William Sward.

Company G. Capt. James A. Boyle.

SIXTH REGIMENT.
This regiment is uniformed similar to the Fifth reg meet, with the single exception that they were dark blue cloth pants, with wide scarlet stripes down the seams. They marched in column by companies, fourteen flees front, and in the following order:-

and in the following order:—

Fagineer Corps—ten men.

Fagineer Corps—telph men.

Washington Brass Band—twenty five pieces.

Col Joseph C. Finckney, commanding,
nant Colonel S. K. Zook, Major Milton J. Rathburn.

Company B—Captain Bernard Schwartz.

Company B—Captain Schwartz.

Company B—Captain Schweider.

Company F—Captain Schweider.

Company F—Captain Alex. Ebelsbacher.

Company G—Captain I Frank.

LEGISCHETT. STATE.

LEGISCHETT. STATE.

Adjutant — Goo Dixos, Quartermaster—Lt. H. H. Camp.
Jr.
Chaplato—C. H. Phillips.

Grant Gr Jr., Engineer-Capt. A. Chapiain-C. H. Phillips. ment. Surgeon-Capt. J. Berghaus.

POUNTH BEGINSNI-FIELD ARTILLERY.

This regiment is uniformed in dark blue frock coats trimmed with scarlet cloth; cap of dark blue cloth, body with scarlet band, round scarlet pompos; pants o light army blue cloth, with scarlet stripes down the sides. The men rode on the gus car-ringes, and calmens, and each man was armed with a heavy artillery sword. Their artillery consisted of sixteen field pieces—six and twelve pounders—with calssons, and each drawn by four horses. The regimen looked exceedingly well, and would, no doubt, give good account of itself in actual service. The pieces is route of march were drawn two abreast, on either elde of the street, the officers riding in the interval between the guns. The Fourth made a very creditable display.

guas. The Fourth made a very creditable display
Col. Edward Rincken, commanding.
Lieut. Cot. Paniel W. Teller; Major N. Colea.
Battery B, Cast John J. Drehl.
Battery C, Capt. Henry Schnerr.
Battery F, Capt. Henry Schnerr.
Battery F, Lieut. Thom. B Peck.
Battery F, Lieut. Thom. B Peck.
Battery F, Lieut. Richard O'Grady.
Battery G, Capt. Richard Raynor.
Battery G, Capt. Richard Raynor.
Battery H, Capt. Louis F. Schafer.
THIRD BRIGADE, NEW YORK STATE MILITIA. Brigadier General William Hall, comm

Inspector—Major J. G. Her Aid—Japtain J. T. Smith.

Judge advocate—Major W.

Banth.

Bargeos—Major H. J Quack
enbess.

Bruen.

SEVENTH REGIMENT, NATIONAL GUARD. The coats and pants of this regiment are of cade mixed gray cloth, same quality as that used at the Woo Point Military Academy. The coats are made in the trees style, trimmed on the breast with three rows of National Guard bettons; the talls, cuffs and col faced with black cluth and gold ornaments, sufficient to give the uniform a very nest, martial and serviceable appearance.

peats of the men have black wide cloth stripes down the sides. They wear white leather cross betts, attached to which are the cartridge boxes, regimental pattern, on which are the letters N. G. in English ornamental script. They are armed with massets of the army or Minis patent; caps of the French infantry pattern—plush bodies and patent leather tops, white worsted long pompon, frontispiece of gilt metal, with the figure 7 conspicuously displayed. The uniforms of the field and staff officers are

very testeful description. They marched in columns by platoous twenty flies front following order -

in the following order —

Engineer Corps—twenty-two men.

Drum Corps—eighteen men.
Regimental Band—forty pieces.
Coicsel Marshall Lefferts, commanding
Licutemant Colonel E. M. Crawford, Major Wm. A. Poud.
Company H—Captain H. C. Shumway.
Company F—Captain Benjamin M. Nevers.
Company B—Captain Alexander Shaler.
Company E—Captain Monroe.
Company P—Captain Wm. P. Senset.
Company P—Captain Wm. P. Senset.
Company D—Captain Wm. P. Senset.
Company C—Captain James Prico.
REGIMENTAL TABP.

Adjutant, J. H. Liebenau.
Paymaster, Captain Aarca
Cheesman.
Wischester.
Lieut L. W. M. Cameron.
Wischester.
Lieut L. W. M. Cameron.
Wischester.
Engineer, Captain E. L. Ordnauce officer, J. A. Ba-Vete.

NISTH REGIMENT—SEA COAST ARTILLERY.

NINTH REGIMENT—SEA COAST ARTILLESY. This regiment is uniformed in dark blue cloth pants and coals, elegantly faced with scarlet cloth and trimmed with gold lace; caps of blue cloth bodies, with appropriate gilt metal frontispiece thereon; pompon of scarlet worsted. This is decidedly the most beautiful artillery uniform in this country. They are armed, when doing duty, as in fantry, with the new army pattern, or Minie They marched in companies, twelve files front, in the fol lowing order -

Dodworth's Band—twenty pieces.

Drum Corps—eight pieces.

Drum Corps—eight pieces.

Cot. Michael Van Buren commanding.

Lieut Cot. W. H. Ferria.

Major W. H. Halieck.

These officers were mounted on spiendid chargers.]

Company A. Capt. Jos. H. Johnson.

Company C. Capt. Mansdeld Lovell.

Company D. Capt. John W. Davis, Jr.

Company E. Capt. Wm. Atterbary.

Company E. Capt. Wm. Atterbary.

Company B. Capt. H. L. Robert.

Burgeon, Capt. E. W. Fisher.

Paymaster, IA. H. L. King, Eog'r, Capt. H. L. Stevens.

Qu'rmaster, I.A. Heeriques.

BIGHTH REGIMENT - WASHINGTON GRAYS. This regiment is uniformed the same as the Seventh with the exception of the frontispiece on the cape. They are a fine body of men and did themselves credit in the reception column. The battalion companies marched in company fronts of sixteen flies, in the following order .-

company fronts of sixteen flies, in the following order—
Engineer corps—twelve men.
Drum corps—sixteen drums.
Brooklyn Navy Yard band—twenty-two pieces
Ooi. George Lyons.
Lieut. Col. C. G. Waterbury, Major O. F. Wentworth.
Company D. C. Berger.
Company H. Capl. Samuel Gregory.
Company B. Capl. H. Moore.
Company P. Capl. Alox. France.
Company P. Capl. Leander Back.
Compa

FIFTY PIPTH REGIMENT—GARDE CAPATETTS. This regiment is composed exclusively of Frenchmet Their uniform is of the French infantry style; dark blu frock coais, scarlet pants, uniform caps, neatly trimmed with scarlet cord and braid, and pompose of scarlet worsted. There were six battalion companies present. They marched in column by companies, nine flice front

Pioceer corps—eight men.
Drum corps—eight men.
Drum corps—eight ment.
Regimental band—twenty-two pieces.
REGIMENTAL STATY.
Colonel Le Gai, commanding.
Company A. Captain J. S. Phunmulier.
Company C. Captain Learies Mercier.
Company D. Captain Lewis Thourot.
Company E. Captain Lewis Thourot.
Company F. Captain Lina Lafebre.
Company H. Captain John D. Thuick.
FOURTH BRIGADE, NEW YORK STATE MILITIA.
Brigadier General John Ewen. commanding. Brigadier General John Ewen, commanding.

Inspector, Maj. R. Taylor.

Judge Advocate, Maj. H. R.
Commings.
Quartermaster, Capt. H. S. Paymaster, Capt. J. D.
Van Buren.

BLEVENTH REGIMENT-WASHINGTON RIPLES. BLEVENTH REGIMENT—WASHINGTOM RIPLES.
This regiment is uniformed in dark blue cioth, with emerald green facings; caps of the French pattern, superbly ornamented with gilt embloms, pompons of emerald green. Their equipments are of black enamelled leather. They were on this occasion their new patent leather knapsacks. They are armed with the long range Minie ride, with sword bayonet, a most formidable weapon. The Eleventh, in numerical strength, are second only to the Seventh Their appearance yesterday was very creditable. They marched in review in column by companies, sixteen files front, in the following order:—

mn by companies, sixteen files from, in the desired of the companies of th

SEVENTY-NINTH REGIMENT—RIGHLAND GUARD. This regiment is uniformed in full Highland costume— bonnets, kilts, polks jackets, Ac.—similar to those worn by the Seventy ninth regiment of British troops. They marched in column by companies, fourteen files from

Drum corps—fourteen drums.

Righland pipers—five men.

Robertson's band—twenty five pieces.

Colonel Thomas W. McLesn.

Lieuteenant Johonel S M. Riliett.

Company A, Captain Wm. Manson.

Company B, Captain John McGeffreg.

Company C, Captain Thomas Earclay,

Company C, Captain Thomas Earclay,

Company E, Captain Robert T. Donaldson.

Company F, Captain Robert T. Donaldson.

Company F, Captain John Mason.

ain Raynor's Company National Grays, in two pia
toons.

Then followed the Fifth Brigade, of Breeklyn. The bri gade consists of the Thirteenth regiment, Colones Abol Smith; Fourteenth regiment, Colonel A. M. Wood; Twen-ty eighth regiment, Colonel M. Bennett; Seventieth re-

giment, Colonel Samuel Graham. past five o'clock, whou it was fast growing dark, and the Mayor thought it expedient to order the carriages and conduct the royal party to their hotel. Accordingly a portion of the Seventieth regiment, that was passing the time, was obliged to halt and allow the carriages route up Broadway, reviewing the troops who were form

we did line as they passed.

We must, in justice to the troops of the First Division, commend them for their especial du corps and gallant bearing on this occasion. The Seventh regiment fairly surpassed themselves by their large numerical strong it and the cor-rect manner in which they passed in review before the Prince. They were loudly applauded from the time the head of the column entered the Park until their left was highly clated with the Seventh regiment, and re-peatedly remarked that he never saw their marching or saluting excelled. The Fifth regiment presented a solid front, and they also met the approbation of General Bruce.

The Second, Tweifth and Seventy ninth regiments also deserve honorable mention.

SCENE FROM THE BATTERY TO THE CITY

The review over, the cortege moved up Broadway to wards the City Hall. The procession was preceded by a squad of policemen, followed immediately by the Prince accompanied by Mayor Wood, the Duke of Newcastle, and Lord Lyons, in an elegant barouche furnished by the American Express Company, drawn by six superb black horses. All up Broadway was a dense mass of living, moving, surging humanity. Language falls to convey an of the vast crowd. Every housetop, door, stoop, window, the sidewalks-in fact, wherever s human being could be placed, a human being was present. The cable celebration and the Japances reception drew immease crowds, and so did the

arrival of the Great Eastern; but never before has New York witnessed so large a crowd, and guitered together for such a purpose. Talk of seas of heads, use any figure, nautical or otherwise, all would fall infinitely short of the great resisty. In fact, it is not hazarding too much to say that never before has the young Prince gazed on such a crowd as that which greeted his vision while passing up Broadway yesterday afternoon. Even his royal mother, on such state occasions as the opening of Parliament, is not accustomed to meet such plaudits as greeted her son and heir yesterday, from the hearty cheer of the hard fated mechanic or laborer to the waving handker-chiefs, held in fair hands which have never held any-thing heavier than the aforemaid handkershiefs. In fact, the progress of Albert Edward up Broadway was one con-

SERVER SWINS

A good natured crowd it was, too; ready with hearty jokes, making fun of the objects which passed before their eyes. Now and then, as a solitary individual passed along the open street, which, as far as Cortland; street, was kept clear from curb to curb, he would be greeted as the "Prince," the "Duke," or the "Doctor," &c., &c., as his garb and supposed age would seem to warrant; and cheers and the accustomed "tiger" would be proposed in bonor of the wayfarer, all of which was taken in good

The decorations on the route were rather charte than numerous. At the City Hall there waved a British easign over the western wing. On the east were the stars and stripes, while towering aloft in the centre the flag of the city fluttered in the breeze.

From the Agricultural office a banner was suspended across the street, with the following inscription:—

WELCOME TO THE SON OF ENGLAND'S NORLEST PARK OF AGRICULTURE.

OF AGRICULTURE.

Agriculture is the most healthy, the most useful, and the most noble employment of man.

WASHINGTON.

At Power's (late Earle's) Hotel, a large Ameri can flag and a smaller British conigu were floating side by side. Barnum's Museum made a grand show, alternating with British and American ensigns in every window. A line of larger flags, of both countries, stretched over the way to the Astor House, the facade of which was decorated with a British and American eusign entertwined. At Windust's dining saloon, a British and an American cosign waved together, side by side, while a large American flag floated from the aummit of the building. No. 150 Broadway was handsomely decorated, after the manner of flarnum's Museum, with an English and American flag alternating in every window. Green & Baker's, No. 177, was described. rated with two American flags, and, lower down, Good-eve, Arkeli & Elliot hoisted the Union Jack, in honor of the occasion, while high above all was a red flag, with the device of a castle in the centre. Still lower down, at No 82, there was a large American flag, surmounted by

From No. 30, the office of the Greenwoo Cemetery, despite the logularious nature of the establishment, a line of flags was strong across the street to the Stevens House, the general resort of Englishmen. The flags consisted of the American and British ensigns, the Hibernian flag, and other nation al symbols. In the balcony of the hotel a number of miniature flags were displayed—the American and the British flag crossing. A large British easign on the summit of the building surmounted the whole.

As a matter of course, the British Consulate, at No. 17, was bandsomely decorated, the British Union Jack being

conspicuous. But the best part of the decora-tions was the ladies, with which the stoop was crowded at as early an hour as ten o'clock. Every countenance, many of which gave evi-dence of pure British origin, was redoient with joy, and even the two hugo stone lions on either side of the entrance seemed to smile with a grim sort of satisfaction Next door, the agency of the Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Ship Company, was handsomely dressed with American, British, and other flags. At the Bowling Green, just in the centre of the ble

buildings, there was an arrangement of flags forming a representation of a high peaked gable, significant of the Dutch origin of that part of the city. The apex, as was meet, was dressed with a British and an American ensign, one on each side, while the flags of all natious fluttered beon each side, while the flags of all nations fluttered be-neath on either side. Immense crowds were gathered to-gether at this point, even as early as between ten and eleven o'clock. The Washington Hotel was filled to ever-flowing. The trees in the neighborhood bore a luxuriant crop of human fruit, while one enthusiastic individual actually enseconced himself on a lamppost, in the space that ought to have been occupied by the gas jet, but which had been probably removed for the surpose of repair. for the purpose of repair.

THE CHIMES OF TRINITY. On nearing Trinity church the chimes rang out sweet and clear, under the management of Mr. Ayune, tue experienced bell ringer.

SCENES ON THE ROUTE. Several funny incidents took place on the line of march. Opposite Trinity church an unfortunate dog found his way to the middle of the street, and was unable to extricate himself, through the done masses which lined the sidewalk. It was laughable to see the manner in which the poor brute, as plainly as a dog could talk, in all the blandishments of tail wagging and other senior demonstrations. Implicator the comments. and other canine demonstrations, imploring the compassion, now of this man, then of that. But all his solicita tions were in vain, till a compassionate policeman took hold the sidewalk, where he speedily subsided. lar scene was enacted opposite Power's Hotel, with th

exception of the unfortunate our getting more kicks than cents from the feet of the advanced police guard. At this point of the procession some difficulty was ex-perienced in keeping the way clear, so vast was the crowd; but it was effected with but little annoyance to either the people or the police. The cheers all along, but citiner the people or the police. The oneers all along, but particularly here, were overpowering, and the waving of handkerchiefs by the ladica was something to be remem-bered for all time. Thus attended and thus honored, the Prince, with his cortege, entered the City Hall Park from

was tremendous. To give an idea of the call for flags, it is only necessary to state that Messrs. Annin & Co., of 99 Fulton street, the great flag manufacturers, have been employing between forty and fifty girls, who have been kept hard at work for the last two weeks. On Wednesday night sixteen young ladies were kept in active employment all night by this firm, making up the magnificent dag thirty by twenty feet in size, which was displayed in front of Ball, Black & Co.'s store.

SCENES AND INCIDENTS IN THE PARK. To say that this civic, if not classic, ground presented access in character with the occasion would be almost to detract from what is its due in connection with to pageant of yesterday. But boldly may it be asserted that never before was it so radiant and so attractive with the presence of fair women and brave men. However, just the claim of the former may be to hold a first place on the page which records the daily events of life-how ever truly it may be said they are ever foremost in recognizing, with feelings and sympathics peculiar to themselves, whoever and whatever has a just and honor able claim to public consideration and regard, that claim was yesterday fully sustained, and their perceptions re cognized by the thousands and tens of thecesands who joined with them in the magnificent ovation to the Prices of Wales. The City Hall Park has ever been a favorite for civis displays, and the attractions of t bour there have many a time and oft gathered large as semblages within its purlieus, but never before did i present such a crowd of human beings-rush compact mass of men and women—as it did yesterday, during the marching past of the soldiery in presence of the royal visiters. From the earliest turnout in the morning—and that was long—man; hours, indeed, before any could hope to be gratified with even a glimps of the first preparations of the day's programme, people began to assemble, as to a central point, in the City Hall Park. In feed, those who, too, selected it, notice a piace of witnessing to the best advantage the pageant of the day, and beholding the here of the hour, but as a favorable ground for rending their humble wares, seemed to be laggards in comparison with the mere pleasure sectors, who desired only to secure commanding points of view of the platform from which it was known the frince was to witness the merching past of the troops. As the hour advanced, the crowds sweeping past, and harrying on to the first point of attraction—the Battery—and other selected places, momentarily swelled the numbers within the Park. From the gates, cast and west, a deuse line of anatous spectators began to form, which gree deeper and taleker as the hours sped past. The fronts of these lines were kept uniform to appearance by rapper starteded from gate to gate, on the inside of which pokes were stationed, proventing any invasion upon the space gratified with even a glimpse of the first preparations of were stationed, preventing any invasion upon the space

thus kept clear. For hours yet there was no expect thus kept clear. For hours yet there was no expectation of the procession making its appearance; but no withstanding this, the crowds still kept pouring in, and still kept taking up positions in the rear of the first comers, from behind whom it was almost impossible for them to succeed, under the most favorable circumstances, in satching a glimpse of the Prince when he should arrive, and only even chance gleams of the glittering array of soldiery as they marched past. But still some ground must be taken, and as the Prince was to be there, and as the whole cortege must pass thrown it there, the crawde must be taken, and as the Prince was to be there, and as the whole cortege must pass through it there, the crawds continued to assemble. There was, of course, more than the usual gathering of the itinerant venders of fruit and candy; of mery piparties of young men, whose amusement was in jostling through the dease throngs who elbowed and wedged their way through the streets; of boys whose glory and ambition it was to climb the highest trees and seek points of observation from the most peritous branches, and the motley current of humanity which flows and obbs through this great city. The City Hall itself was regularly besieged, but it held out successfully for a long time. At last there came a crush of crinoline, and the defences and their defenders gave way. and the defences and their defenders gave way, and soot the windows and the balconies were filled with the fair ladies who were the victors in the fight. There were no decorations observable about the building. On alther wing were raised the American and British flags; in the centre the city standard. But from every private and public building in view the broad flag of America and the ensign of England mingled their folds in the brover, as if joining in the harmony which pervaded the action of the passing crowds beneath. It was near four o'clock when the music of the bands was beard coming up the lower part of Broadway. In an instant these sounds of music were lost in the noise and uproar of the rush of people which ensued, and nothing was to be heard for minutes but the noise of burgying feet near and the roar of voices in the distance. It was exactly four mi-nutes past four when the head of the cortege wheeled into the Park—the advance escort of the Washington Grays. Immediately after followed the barou he in when the Prince rode, who descended, amid the cheers of thousands and the waving of immunerable white handkerchiefs, in front of the City Hall, Here a slightly elevated platform was placed, and which the Prince ascended as the first body of troops approached. Beyond the hearty welcome which greeted him when he entered, there were no demonstrations made by the assembled multitude until the moment the Prince took his departure. During the short interval which ciapsed from his taking his position near the piatform un-ti he took his stand upon it to return the salute of the troops, several voices called out for a speech. Mayor Wood, in reference to this particular humor of the Ge-thamites, good humoredly remarked to the Prince that the people must have their humor, and he hoped he would excose them. The Prince at once smilingly replied, "Ex-cure them! I am delighted with everything." The Prince stood upon the date or platform while the

troops marched past, and saluted in return cach com-manding officer, although it was intimated to him by Major General Sandford, through General Bruce, that is was only expected of him to salute the regimental stand-ards. The Prince paid no attention to the suggestion, and, greatly to the pleasure of those acquainted with what had transpired, he continued his maway from the City Hall to Fifth ayenue would be deprived by the latences of the evening of the gratification of advantageously seeing the Prince, it was determined to make as hasty a move as possible, and one of the regiments was ordered to halt in its advance until the carriages should be brought up to convey the Prince and suite to the hotel. As the Prince entered his carriage be was to the hotel. As the Prince entered his carriage he was most heartily cheered. He raised his chapeau in recognition of the greetings of the people, and louder grow the cheers and more numerous the waving of handkerchies until he had passed from view. It may be remarked here that Gen Bruce expressed to Maj. Gen. Sanaford his surprise at the soldierly and highly disciplined bearing of the troops growelly, but particularly noticing the ing of the troops generally, but particularly noticing the Tweith and Seventh regiments. The latter, he said, formed in line as tine a body of soldiers as he had over

THE ROYAL RIDE UP BROADWAY.

In accordance with the programme, as soon as the re-view in the Park was completed, the carriages were re-umed in the same order in which they arrived, and the Prince, suite and followers proceeded along the lines on his way to the Fifth Avenue Hotel. These extended from

his way to the Fifth Avenue Hotel. These extended from Reade atrect to Waverley place; and as the cortege moved slowly along, the various corps presented arms, the bands played and the people cheered.

To convey an idea of the crowd, which, next to the Prince, was the great curiosity of the day, is impossible. It was huge, immense, coormous, exaggerated, stupendous, infinite and indefinite. It was a multitude countless as the leaves of the forest—one of these crushes which are perfectly heatiful facts to the those crushes which are perfectly bewillering to the senses. Below, a stratum of humanity was so wedged in and macadamized together that to move one individual was to stir the whole mass; while above, every window sill was a rough frame, within which the faces of beautiful women and amiling children made up an attractive
picture. Every opening, every story, every roof
was a parapet, from which constantly played a
battery of bright eyes. Every available place
was occupied, and where circumstances nataraily failed to provide accommodations, ingentify
brought into requisition boxes, beaches, chairs, tables, and any other appliance that would effect the desired ob-ject. As an illustration of the extent to which this spe-cies of invention was carsied, we saw standing on the cies of invention was Carmen, we abouse, a place not narrow ledge of the first story of a bouse, a place not narrow ledge of the first story of the place of a rope passed. who maintained their position by means of a rope passed around their bodies, and thence inside the building through the windows on either side.

Those who could not enjoy the privileges of a window were content to take to the street, and the quantity of well dremed ladies and children, mixed in with the not over fragrant growd of children, mixed in with the not over fragrant crowd of unscoured publicans and sinners, was painfully amazing to behold. Once in it was almost impossible to get out, and the poor females were compelled to endure the pains of purgatory to gratify the curiosity they couldn't below. Even the side streets were made available, and vehicles of various kinds were pressed into service and speedify crowned with an array of human beings. To the boys the lamp posts and from railings were a god send, and though now and then by looking up, the spectator might see lattered integuments fluttering in the breeze might see lattered integraments flattering in the breese from points of the human corporosity that were never made tender by too much whipping, little attention was paid to those freaks of nature and accident. On the whole the crowd was altogether unobjectionable, except to its individual components. Occasionally there might be heard considerable promisenous swearing, or when the policemen rammed their batons into men's stomaches who could not move an tack in any direction to save their lives, there would be an cruption of highly exegynated adjectives that would make a man's care tingle with boly horror, or sometime come quick temper would strike out from the ab and be quietly removed from the seems of action by gen-themen is blue coals, but, with these exceptions, every-thing was harmonious, melodicus and good.

The decorations along the route were not what might

have been expected, and beyond a display of dags here and there, one or two mottoes, and pictures of the "Bares Renfrew's hat," and a few advertising dodges, there was little to attract attention in this respect. In fact, they would bardly have been seen if present. In passing Mr. Laird's store, 439 Broadway, a brantists

bouquet was thrown into the Prince's carriage, accompanied by the following pleasant lines:—

Accept, dear Prices, this humble gift, With every kind, and loyal prayer May Heaven, your Highness ever ith Above each and and worldly care. One prayer, among the rest I send; Material love thus makes me sing, Though I would not yourself of ind, May it be long ere you are King.

In such an outpouring of humanity it would seem as if a great number, from one cause or snother, must of necessity be hurt; but we have heard of nithing of a serious nature. A few horses slipped and rolled their riders in the mud, and some bloody heads may have been made by the clubs of the police, but beyond these there are not many incidents under the head of casualties which

we have to record.

As soon as the royal cortage passed the regiment is as soon as the royal cortage passes the regiment in review, owing to the latences of the hour, it would in-mediately defile and proceed to the place of disminsal, so that by the time the Price reached the head of the line the corps at the opposite cod had departed for their re-

elective armories. It was by this time quite dark, and the crowd began perceptibly to thin cet. A few minutes more, and the sidewalks were a mass of moving beings "homeward